### COURTSHIP

- I. Courtship and dating are not Biblical words. Some distinguish between courtship and dating.
- II. Cultural determinations of courtship process.
  - A. Hebrew society.
    - 1. Mate selection
      - a. Families usually arranged Gen. 21:1; 38:6
      - b. Groom sometimes selected, and had family arrange Judges 14:2
      - c. Family sometimes sought consent of daughter Gen. 24:58
      - d. Romantic attraction in mate selection Gen. 29:20
    - 2. Betrothal was as binding as marriage. Usually less than 1 year.
    - 3. *Mohar*: Marriage present from groom to bride's family. Compensation for loss of daughter. Gen. 34:12; Exod. 22:16; I Sam. 18:25
  - B. Roman society
    - 1. Mate selection usually arranged by families.
    - 2. Betrothal as early as ages 5-7 for daughters. Marriage 12-17.
    - 3. Dowry. Bride's family pays husband's family or husband.
  - C. American society.
    - 1. Mate selection by romantic attraction, dating process.
    - 2. Adolescence. Early puberty and late marriage.
- III. A Christian courtship process.
  - A. Discern commonality of spirits.
    - 1. Is this person spiritually regenerated? John 3:1-6
    - 2. Take time to observe their values and attitudes. (Matt. 7:16
    - 3. Will they pray with you? ...study Scripture? ...attend church?
    - 4. Seek counsel of pastor or spiritual leader.
  - B. Determine correlation of minds.
    - 1. Are there common interests?
    - 2. Do you share "the mind which is in Christ Jesus?" (Phil. 2:5)
    - 3. Is there common desire to "renew the mind?" (Rom. 12:2; Eph. 4:23)
  - C. Discover concerns of emotions.
    - 1. Don't start with "feelings;" these should be by-product.
    - 2. Are your affections directed toward the highest well-being of the other person?
    - 3. Do you detect anger, fear, jealousy, pride, etc.?
  - D. Develop commitments of wills.
    - 1. Are there common objectives and priorities?
    - 2. Discuss short-range and long-range goals. Career choices.
    - 3. Is there a mutual decision to follow God's leading together?
  - E. Desire companionship of bodily presence.
    - 1. Desire to share recreation, entertainment, social occasions in each other's company.
    - 2. Communication; communication!
    - 3. Premarital sexual relationships are contrary to God's intent. (I Cor. 6:12-20).

## IV. Fundamental realities of Christian marriage.

- A. Conjunction of spirits within God's divine oneness. (I Cor. 6:17; Malachi 2:15)
- B. Communications of minds within a context of considerate understanding. (I Peter 3:7)
- C. Connection of emotions within a context of compassionate love. (Eph. 5:25)
- D. Commitment of wills within a mutual covenant relationship. (Malachi 2:14)
- E. Consummation of bodies within a context of co-habitation. (I Cor. 7:3-5)

## V. Learning to love.

#### A. Love is NOT

- 1. Something you "fall into" a black hole.
- 2. Infatuation. Emotional loss of control. "Flipped out.." "Couldn't help myself." Romanticism and sentimentalism. "Puppy love." Boy-crazy; girl-crazy.
- 3. Evaluating another by external criteria. "She's a #10"
- 4. Selfish. Interested in "getting" to satisfy my needs.
- 5. Taking advantage of another (age, height, weight, looks, intellect, emotional maturity, spiritual maturity, social standings, social skills, psychological understanding, place of authority, financial superiority, etc.)
- 6. Improper need fulfillment. Need for love, acceptance, relating, bonding, belonging, to be valued, affirmed, excitement, identity, etc.
- 7. Lust. Hormones. Lasciviousness, sensuality. "Let's get physical."
- 8. Sex. "Making love."
- 9. Idolatry. "....is my life." Totally preoccupied in attention and time.

## B. Love is...

- 1. Respectful of the other person's values, standards and opinions.
- 2. Unselfish and unconditional.
- 3. A decision to relate to the other person at every level spiritual, psychological and physical.
- 4. Giving of oneself to the other.
- 5. Responsible to seek the highest good of the other person "for better or for worse."
- 6. God in action. (Rom. 5:5; I John 4:8,16)

# VI. Physical limitations in courtship.

- A. Sexual intercourse is sin outside of context of marriage. (I Cor. 6:9; 17,18; II Tim. 2:22).
- B. Sublimation or suppression of temporal gratification for long-term benefit.
- C. Mutual determination of limits made before God. Love will not seek to go beyond.